# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY ALTURAS, CALIFORNIA

Financial Statements
And Independent Auditor's Report

As of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021



# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY

Audited Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Modoc Transportation Agency Alturas, CA 96101

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the major fund of Modoc Transportation Agency (Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the major fund of the Modoc Transportation Agency as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Modoc Transportation Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Modoc Transportation Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a basic part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do

not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

SingletonAuman PC Susanville, CA

October 30, 2022

# FINANCIAL SECTION

## MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

# TRANSIT FUND

JUNE 30, 2022

# (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2021)

ASSETS	-	2022		2021
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$	937,032	\$	840,958
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	377,613	Φ	295,849
Other Current Assets		577,015		108
Total Current Assets		1,314,700		1,136,915
Restricted Cash				40,474
Property, Plant & Equipment, Net		1,621,543		1,669,611
Total Assets	\$	2,936,243	\$	2,847,000
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	10,189	\$	
Unearned Revenue	Ψ	10,107	Ψ	-
Total Liabilities	\$	10,189	\$	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,621,543	\$	1,669,611
Restricted for State of Good Repair	<b>+</b>	_,021,5 10	\$	40,474
Unrestricted		1,304,511	~	1,136,915
Total Net Position	\$	2,926,054	\$	2,847,000

# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - TRANSIT FUND

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2021)

Operation Research	2022	2021	
Operating Revenues: Fare Revenues			
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 33,905	\$ 9,949	
	33,905	9,949	
Operating Expenses:			
Contract Transportation Services	271,001	243,353	
Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance	50,614	32,585	
Building Improvements	9,106	1,524	
Fuel	40,727	13,602	
Labor	61,995	101,494	
Utilities Marketing	18,199	18,095	
Other Expenses	15,664	15,449	
Professional Services	10,705	8,830	
Insurance	26,084	20,962	
Depreciation	4,648	4,254	
Total Operating Expenses	58,807	93,992	
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>567,550</u> (533,645)	554,140	
	(333,043)	(544,191)	
Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses):			
Local Transportation Funds	90,218	158,093	
State Transportation Assistance Funds	84,351	74,557	
Federal Grants	163,456	86,120	
Covid 5311 Reimbursement	183,534	367,508	
State of Good Repair	28,103	40,474	
Lassen Transit Service Agency	24,931	6,224	
LCTOP - Exchange with Tehama County	15,057	10,618	
Rents, Leases and Other	22,313	22,527	
Building Improvement Reserve	22,313	9,634	
Sale of Asset	5,000	9,034	
Interest	1,736	5,369	
Total Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses)	618,699	781,124	
Transfers Out	(6,000)	(15,000)	
	(0,000)	(13,000)	
Change in Net Position	79,054	221,933	
Net Position, Beginning of the Period	2,847,000	2,625,067	
Net Position, End of the Period	\$ 2,926,054	\$ 2,847,000	
	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Ψ 2,0+7,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND - TRANSIT FUND

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2021)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_	2022		2021
Cash Received From Passengers				
Cash Payments to Employees	\$	33,905	\$	9,949
Cash Payments to Employees  Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(61,995)		(101,494)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(436,506)		(409,031)
rect Cash Florided (Osed) by Operating Activities		(464,596)		(500,576)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Received from Other Governmental Agencies		507,886		570 (75
Other Income		•		570,675
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	-	27,313	_	32,161
To read (Osca) by Ron-Capital I mancing Activities		535,199		602,836
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Purchases of Property and Equipment		(10,740)		
Transfer (Out)		(6,000)		(15,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	-	(16,740)	_	(15,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest Earned		1 726		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	1,736	-	5,369
The same and the s		1,736	_	5,369
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		55,599		92,629
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Balance - July 1		924,019		831,390
	-	724,019	-	831,390
Balance - June 30	\$	979,618	\$	924,019
Reconciliation:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(533,645)	\$	(544,191)
Depreciation and Amortization				,
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets		58,807		93,993
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		53		(109)
( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	10,189		(50,269)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	¢	(1(1 500)	Φ	(500 550
The control of the co	\$	(464,596)	7	(500,576)

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Modoc Transportation Agency is the only public transit operator in Modoc County, California. The Agency was established in a Joint Powers Agreement between the County of Modoc and the City of Alturas on August 13, 1997.

The financial statements of Modoc Transportation Agency - Transportation and Development Act Funds are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Modoc Transportation Agency (the Agency) applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary Funds apply Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on our before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only those transactions attributable to the Modoc Transportation Agency.

The Agency received Local Transportation Fund and State Transit assistance allocation from the Modoc County Transportation Commission, as well as Federal Grants, Fares and other revenues to operate and provide public transit services to the County of Modoc, the City of Alturas, and the surrounding regions.

The Agency includes all activities (operations of its administrative staff and Board of Directors) considered to be a part of the Agency. The Agency reviewed the criteria developed by GASB in its issuance of Statement No. 14, relating to the financial reporting entity to determine whether the Agency is financially accountable for other entities. The Agency has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no entity has been included as a component unit in the financial statements.

The Agency, although a legally separate entity from Modoc County Transportation Commission (the Commission), is a blended component unit of the Commission because the individuals on the Agency's governing board are the same as those on the Commission. The Commission is also responsible for approving the Agency's Transportation Development Act revenue allocations.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The Agency uses funds to report on its financial position and on the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The Agency makes use of an enterprise fund type (of the proprietary fund category) to account for the majority of the Agency's activity. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies (internal service funds).

# C. Basis of Accounting

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency give (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, included grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

An enterprise fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Agency's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Agency are charges to passengers for public transit services. Operating expenses for the Agency include the cost of transit services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are used only after restricted resources are depleted.

# D. Capital Assets

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value as the date received. The Agency's capitalization threshold is \$100. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	3-10

The Agency has acquired certain capital assets with funding provided by federal assistance from various grant programs. The Agency holds title to these assets; however, the federal government retains an interest in these assets should the asset no longer be used for transit purposes.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Agency considers cash, investments in the local agency investment fund, and reserved cash to be cash equivalents. Excess cash has been invested in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The Agency is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code 53648 et seq.

The remainder of the Agency's cash is held in Plumas Bank. The FDIC insures cash balances held in banks up to \$250,000. Periodically, the Agency's cash balances exceed FDIC limits; however the Agency believes that no significant concentration of credit risk exists for these excess deposits. As of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 no funds were held in excess of the FDIC limits.

#### F. Receivable and Payable Balances

The Agency believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

#### G. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

#### H. Expenses in Excess of Budget

The following expense categories exceeded budget during the 2022-21 fiscal year:

Category	Excess of Budge		
Depreciation	\$	58,807	
Contract Transportation Services	\$	16,001	

Contract Transportation Services exceeded budget due to cost overruns. Depreciation was not budgeted.

# I. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Agency's budget is consistent with the modified accrual basis of accounting. In order to be consistent with accrual basis accounting used in proprietary funds, capital expenditures will need to be eliminated and depreciation will need to be added.

#### J. Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenses have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenses.

#### K. Fair Value Measurements and Investments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

#### **Investments**

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within

Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include various types of mutual funds. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

# NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Agency's cash and investments are maintained with various financial institutions.

	2022			2021
Plumas Bank Operating Account	\$	315,758	\$	255,895
Local Agency Investment Fund		621,273	7====	625,537
	\$	937,031	\$	881,432

Investments consist of amounts deposited with the Local Agency Investment Fund, and are stated at fair value based on significant other observable inputs.

The total amount of interest income for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$1,736 and \$5,369, respectively. This interest is included in the balances of the accounts and fair value measurements.

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall:

# June 30, 2022

	Fair Value Measurements Using				
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 621,273		\$	621,273	
		<b>June 30</b> Fair Value Meas	,		
		Quoted Prices in		Significant	Significant
		Active Markets		Other	Unobservable
	Fair	for Identical Assets	Ο	bservable Inputs	Inputs
9	Value	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 625,537		\$	625,537	•

# NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A capital assets summary of the Agency is shown below:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	<u>Dispositions</u>	Balance 6/30/2022
Land Vehicles, Buildings, and Equipment Total	\$ 781,745 1,945,887 2,727,632	\$ 10,740 10,740	\$ 131,506 131,506	\$ 781,745 1,825,121 2,606,866
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,058,021)	(58,807)	(131,506)	(985,322)
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	\$ 1,669,611	\$ (48,067)	\$ -	\$ 1,621,544

	<u>(</u>	Balance 5/30/2020	A	Additions	Dispo	ositions	<u>6</u>	Balance 5/30/2021
Land Vehicles, Buildings, and Equipment Total	\$	781,745 1,945,887 2,727,632	\$		\$	#: #:	\$	781,745 1,945,887 2,727,632
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(964,029)		(93,992)	•	<b>E</b> (		(1,058,021)
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	\$	1,891,417	\$	(93,992)	\$	9)	_\$_	1,669,611

Depreciation and amortization was charged to functions as follows:

	June	June 30, 2022		30, 2021
Transit	\$	58,807	\$	93,992

#### **NOTE 4 – CONCENTRATIONS**

The Agency receives a substantial amount of its support from a statewide retail sales tax from the Local Transportation Fund created by the Transportation Development Act. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have a significant effect on the Agency's activities.

#### **NOTE 5 – CONTINGENCIES**

The Agency receives funding for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the granting agencies funding source. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the contracts. Management is of the opinion that no material liabilities will result from such potential audits.

#### **NOTE 6 – NET POSITION**

Net Position is the excess of all the Agency's assets over all its liabilities. Net assets are divided into captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net assets, which are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of net assets that is represented by the current net book value of the Agency's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted Net Position describes the portion of net assets that are legally restricted for certain purposes.

Unrestricted describes the potion of net assets that is not restricted to use or invested in capital assets.

# NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Commission has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through October 30, 2022, the date the financial statements were issued.

#### NOTE 8 - FARE REVENUE RATIO

The Agency claims TDA funding per Article 8, Section 99400(c), not Article 4, Section 99268. The Agency adopted resolution 21-02, which requires the Agency to follow the Commission's performance criteria and, therefore, does not have a fare box requirement. However, for comparison purposes only, the Agency's ratio of fare revenues to operating costs for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented below:

Owerst's P	2022	2021
Operating Revenues:		
Fare Revenue	\$ 33,905	\$ 9,949
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 33,905	\$ 9,949
Operating Expenses:		
Operating Expenses	\$ 567,550	\$ 554,140
Less: Depreciation	_(58,807)	(93,992)
Adjusted Operating Expenses	\$ 508,743	\$ 460,148
Fare Revenue Ratio	6.66%	2.16%

The Agency adopted a resolution requiring a 10% Farebox ratio, however this requirement was waived due to the Coronavirus pandemic with the passage of California Assembly Bill 90.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS TRANSIT FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts					Variance with Final Budget
		Original			A . 1	Favorable
Operating Revenues:	-	Original	-	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Fare Revenues	\$	20.000	e.	25,000	22.066	f (1.124)
Total Operating Revenue	Φ_	20,000		35,000	33,866	\$ (1,134)
- start operating free to fide		20,000		33,000	33,866	(1,134)
Operating Expenses:						
Contract Transportation Services		250,000		255,000	271,001	(16,001)
Vehicle Maintenance		40,000		52,000	50,614	1,386
Building Improvements		40		9,200	9,106	94
Fuel		35,000		43,000	40,727	2,273
Labor		104,000		89,000	61,995	27,005
Utilities		20,000		22,000	18,199	3,801
Marketing		15,000		16,000	15,664	336
Other Expenses		14,491		17,950	10,705	7,245
Professional Services		30,000		29,000	26,084	2,916
Insurance		6,000		6,000	4,648	1,352
Transit Property & Vehicle Reserve		148,173		55,475	1,0 10	55,475
Depreciation				=	58,807	
Total Operating Expenses		662,664	_	594,625	567,550	(58,807)
, and the second		002,001	_	374,023	307,330	27,075
Operating Income (Loss)		(642,664)		(559,625)	(533,645)	25,980
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense):						
Local Transportation Funds		109,825		109,825	158,093	48,268
State Transportation Assistance Funds		90,382		72,169	74,557	2,388
Federal Grants		,		, _,,	163,456	163,456
Covid 5311 Reimbursement		255,418		282,826	367,508	105,150
Lassen Transit Service Agency		30,000		5,000	24,931	19,931
Rural Transit Assistance Program		1,500		-,	_ 1,,,,,,	17,751
LCTOP - Exchange with Tehama County	,	,			10,618	10,618
State of Good Repair Program					40,474	40,474
Other		22,205		22,205	22,527	322
Building Improvement Reserve		ŕ		,	9,634	9,634
Transit Property & Vehicle Reserve		56,703		48,251	, , , ,	(48,251)
Interest				•	5,369	5,369
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expense		566,033		540,276	877,167	252,209
Transfers Out					(15,000)	(15,000)
Change in Net Position	\$	(76,631)	\$	(19,349)	\$ 328,522	\$ 278,189





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OVER FINANACIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATUTES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND THE ALLOCATION INSTRUCTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE LOCAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Board of Commissioners Modoc County Transportation Commission Alturas, California

Board of Directors Modoc Transportation Agency Alturas, California

#### Report on State Compliance

We have audited the financial statements of the Transportation Development Act Funds allocated to the Modoc Transportation Agency as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2022.

#### Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States We have also audited the Agency's compliance with the California Code of Regulations Sections 6664 and 6667 that are applicable to Modoc Transportation Agency. Additionally, we performed tests to determine that expenditures paid by Modoc Transportation Agency were made in accordance with the allocation instructions and resolutions of Modoc County Transportation Commission and in conformance with the California Transportation Development Act. Also as part of our audit, we performed test of compliance to determine whether certain state bond funds were received and expended in accordance with applicable bond act and state accounting requirements. Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the Agency's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance based on our audit.

The auditing standards referred to above require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the state laws and regulations applicable to the items above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Agency's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, the Modoc Transportation Agency complied, in all material respects, with the statutes, rules, and regulations of the California Transportation Development Act, the allocation instructions and resolutions of the local transportation commission, and with the applicable bond act and state accounting requirements.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The report is intended solely for the information and use of Modoc Transportation Agency, the California Department of Transportation, and the State Controller's Office and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Singleton Auman PG

Susanville, CA

October 30, 2022



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Modoc County Transportation Commission Alturas, California

Board of Directors Modoc Transportation Agency Alturas, California

Members of the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Transportation Development Act Funds allocated to the Modoc Transportation Agency as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2022.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. See Finding 2022-001.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Agency's Response to Findings

The Agency's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Agency's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of the Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PC

Respectfully submitted,

SingletonAuman PC Susanville, CA

October 30, 2022

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The quality of the Agency's internal controls is dependent upon oversight by the Board Members. A summary of the auditors' results follows:

- 1. Type of Auditors' Report on Financial Statements: Qualified.
- 2. Internal Control Findings: 1 Significant Deficiency.
- 3. Material Noncompliance Noted: None.

# YELLOW BOOK SECTION Internal Control – Significant Deficiency

#### Finding 2022-001 Financial Reporting

#### Criteria Upon Which Audit Finding is Based (Legal Citation)

AU-C Section 265, Communicating Internal Control Matters Identified in an Audit.

#### Finding (Condition)

Similar to many small governmental entities, the Agency is not providing complete and accurate footnote disclosures that are prepared in accordance with GAAP prior to the annual audit.

# Amount of Questioned Cost, How Computed and Prevalence

None.

#### **Effect**

There is a risk that a material financial statement misstatement may exist and not be prevented or detected by the Agency's system of internal control.

#### Cause

The Agency does not have the resources to address this deficiency.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Agency consider the cost benefit of hiring an accountant familiar with GAAP or contracting with an independent CPA firm to compile financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

#### Agency's Response

The Agency has determined that the costs of correcting the control weakness outweigh the benefits to be received. The Agency will continue to rely on the independent auditor to prepare its annual financial statements.

#### Internal Control - Significant Deficiency

# Finding 2022-002 Financial Reporting

# Criteria Upon Which Audit Finding is Based (Legal Citation)

AU-C Section 265, Communicating Internal Control Matters Identified in an Audit.

#### Finding (Condition)

An inadequate segregation of duties exists in the areas of cash handling, payroll, general ledger & financial reporting, and grants management with the Agency personnel.

# Amount of Questioned Cost, How Computed and Prevalence None.

#### Effect

The Agency has exposure to risk of financial statement misstatement and the potential risk of fraud.

#### Cause

Due to the number of personnel assigned to duties that involve access to the general ledger and other accounting records and who also have custody of and responsibility for handling cash and other assets, an inadequate segregation of duties exists.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the Agency employees and Board maintain diligence for the potential risks of not having an adequate segregation of duties. The Agency should consider segregating the following duties as much as possible:

- 1. Receiving cash, deposit preparation, and posting the deposit to the general ledger.
- 2. Preparing voucher packages/check requests, approving checks for payment, and mailing checks.
- 3. Bank reconciliations, and cash receipt & disbursements. Bank reconciliations should be prepared by someone who is not responsible for recording transaction in the general ledger
- 4. Administrative staff who are not involved in cash or accounting related functions could perform duties, such as taking deposits to the bank, maintaining check stock, etc...

# **Agency's Response**

The Board has implemented policies due to the small number of employees employed by MTA:

- 1. The Chair reviews and signs payables along with the Executive Director.
- 2. All transactions are reviewed and approved by the Commission.
- 3. Deposits, including passenger fares, are prepared by one staff and another takes the deposit to the bank.

# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS (FINDINGS FROM THE JUNE 30, 2021 AUDIT REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## Finding 2021-1 Financial Reporting

#### Finding (Condition)

Similar to many small governmental entities, the Agency does not have policies and procedures in place to ensure that complete and accurate financial statements and footnote disclosures are prepared in accordance with GAAP prior to the annual audit. Management relies upon the auditor to recommend footnote disclosures for the financial statements and to prepare adjusting journal entries for approval in order to report financial information in accordance with GAAP.

#### Status

Partially implemented. See current year finding 2022-001.

# MODOC TRANSPORTATION AGENCY CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2022

#### Person Monitoring Corrective Action Plan

Debbie Pedersen, Executive Director

#### Finding 2022-001 Financial Reporting

#### Finding (Condition)

Similar to many small governmental entities, the Agency is not providing complete and accurate footnote disclosures that are prepared in accordance with GAAP prior to the annual audit.

# Corrective Action Planned

The Agency has determined that the costs of correcting the control weakness outweigh the benefits to be received. The Agency will continue to rely on the independent auditor to prepare its annual financial statements.

#### **Expected Completion Date**

Ongoing.

#### Finding 2022-002 Lack of Segregation of Duties

#### Finding (Condition)

An inadequate segregation of duties exists in the areas of cash handling, payroll, general ledger & financial reporting, and grants management with the Agency personnel.

#### Corrective Action Planned

The Agency will be evaluating the processes in the accounting department with future personnel.

## **Expected Completion Date**

Ongoing.